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Intratympanic muscles (nerve supply).	Enumerate the cells of the mastoid air		MacEwen's triangle.	Draw labeled diagram of medial wall of middle ear.	Middle ear cleft and its contents	Nerve supply of external auditory canal (external ear).	Tympanic membrane—anatomy/ labeled diagram (left/right).	Pinna—nerve supply.	Short Answers	Middle ear contents and their functions	Surgical anatomy of medial wall of the middle ear (draw a labeled diagram).	Anatomy of the middle ear cleft with diagram.	Describe the normal tympanic membrane. Draw neat labeled diagram (of right side).	Short Essays	Describe briefly the anatomy of the middle ear cleft with a suitable labeled diagram.	Long Essay	CHAPTER 1 ANATOMY OF EAR	Section I: Diseases of Ear	Question Bank
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9	7		7	7	5	(J)	ω	ω		9	6	U	1 6	ى د	<u>.</u>	1		s of Ear	DNGR
<b>±</b>	13		12	10	7	თ	o	4		10	9		1 (	n		1		West State of	BNSL
J15(RS3)	D12	J19(RS3), D13, J14, J16	D13(RS2),	DO	J02, J17	D11(RS2), J19(RS3), D08, J13	J16(RS3), J10, D10	J12, D13		D07(RS2)	J08	015(RS3), D16(RS3), D16(RS3), J19(RS3), D05, J14	J12	000	J12(RS2), D18(RS3)			The state of the s	

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	<ol><li>Tuning fork tests and their significance.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>How to assess a patient of hearing loss in outpatient department?</li> </ol>	Short Essays	CHAPTER 4  ASSESSMENT OF HEARING		1. Decibel.	Short Answer	AUDIOLOGY AND ACOUSTICS	2. Otoliths.	1. Discuss the theories of flearing.	- 3	Charl Answers	<ol><li>6. Physiology of equilibrium.</li></ol>	<ol><li>Role of cochlea in hearing.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Middle ear—impedance matching mechanism/transformer mechanism.</li> </ol>	<ol><li>Physiology of hearing.</li></ol>	2. Organ of Corti.	1. Theories of nearing.	Short Essays	<ol> <li>Describe the physiology and mechanism of hearing.</li> </ol>	Long Essay	CHAPTER 2 PERIPHERAL RECEPTORS AND PHYSIOLOGY OF AUDITORY AND VESTIBULAR SYSTEM		10. Tympanic plexus.	<ol><li>Stapedius muscle.</li></ol>	A SECTION OF THE PARTY OF THE P
	23	23				21			5	<b>1</b>			20	17	16	15	15	-		15				9	9	DNGR
	41	40	5			39			1				28	17	25	24	16	į		24				1	- 1	BNSI
000, 011	J19(KSS), D07, J08,		10	10	9	D08			Ç	014(102)	114(RS2)		D16	D05	J15(RS3), J06, D13	D15	J12(RS2), J13(RS3)	J11(RS2), D16(RS3)		D07(RS2)		n-tangen James	J11, D14	D09(RS2)	.112	

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Contd		DNGR	BNSL			
		24	41	1000cc	<u>.</u>	Short Essays
. 4	udiometry (pure tone	25		D11(RS2), J18(RS2)		<ol> <li>Treatment of bilateral profound hearing loss.</li> </ol>
,	audiogram).	26	46	J16 D08(RS2),		<ol> <li>Classify hearing loss and enumerate the causes of conductive hearing loss.</li> </ol>
ö	Tympanomeery			D18(RS3), D15		3. Conductive deafness (causes).
6.	Brainstem evoked response	29	48	D08(RS2)		
	audiometry (BEKA).	20	49	114(RS2)		<ol> <li>Tympanoplasty (classification).</li> </ol>
7.	Otoacoustic emissions.	67	40	J14(R52)		
Sho	Short Answers	23	4	D07(RS2)		5. Sensorineural (SN) deafness—causes.
-	Tuning fork tests:	24	4	D10(RS2),		6. Ototoxicity (ototoxic drugs and
				J11(RS2),		management).
				D16(RS3), D00, D03,		
				J04, D04, J10		<ol><li>Noise-induced hearing loss.</li></ol>
ω	False-negative Rinne's test.	24	42	J14		
4.	Weber's test.	24	42	D14(RS3), J15(RS3),		and management.
				D19(RS3), D05, D02,		9. Sudden hearing loss (causes).
				D06, D13	10.	
Ċī	Absolute bone conduction test.	24	43	J02, J16		management.
	Schwabach's test.	24	43	J16(RS3)		
7.	Bing's test.	24	43	J10(RS2)		11. Unilateral sensorineural dearness.
œ	Pure tone audiometry.	25	43	J09	,	Short Answers
9	Speech audiometry.	25	45	J09(RS2)		<ol> <li>Discuss prerequisite for successful</li> </ol>
<u>.</u>	Tympanograms.	27	46	J18(RS3)		type I tympanoplasty.
<b>=</b>	Acoustic reflex tests.	27	47	J17(RS3)		<ol><li>Ototoxicity—prevention and</li></ol>
						management.
9	CHAPTER 5					3. Acoustic trauma.
금	HEARING LOSS					
5	Long Essay		2	000		4. Sudden hearing loss.
<u>.</u>	Discuss sound conducting mechanism in brief. Discuss the cause and	16, 31	24, 51	JUB		5. Malingering.
	principles of management of conductive					

38

2

D15(RS3), J17(RS3)

36

63

D09(RS2), J13

J16, J17

D08(RS2), D17(RS3), D00, D02, D04, D14,

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438

D08, J11,

D16

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61 59 3

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J15

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D08(RS2), D00, J01,

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39 38

67 64

J07

J16(RS3)

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D07

35

61

J16(RS3), D05, D06

36

63

J12(RS2). J13(RS3)

4

59

D12

39 38

65

J14(RS2), J07, D10,

2

**J**05

hearing loss.

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principles of management of conductive

<ol> <li>Draw a labeled diagram of middle ear cleft. Discuss the etiopathology, symptomatology and management of malignant otitis externa.</li> </ol>	Long Essay	CHAPTER 8 DISEASES OF EXTERNAL EAR	<ol> <li>Benign paroxysmal positional vertigo—management.</li> </ol>	Short Answer	<ol><li>Vesitubular neuronitis.</li></ol>	<ol><li>Causes (aural) of vertigo.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Evaluation of vertigo in a 60-year-old female.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	CHAPTER 7 DISORDERS OF VESTIBULAR SYSTEM	<ol><li>Calorie test and its significance.</li></ol>	<ol><li>Romberg's test.</li></ol>	3. Hennebert's sign.		<ol><li>Fistula test.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Labrynthine nystagmus.</li> </ol>	Short Answers	<ol><li>Fistula test and its significance.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Vestibular function tests.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	CHAPTER 6 ASSESSMENT OF VESTIBULAR FUNCTIONS	
6, 55			47		47	47	1			45	43	43		43	43		43	43			
7, 92			136		137	136	130			133	134	131		131	130		131	131			e de la companya de l
D03, J16			D15(RS3). J17(RS3)		D10(RS2)	J11, D16	J13			J17(RS3), J01, J04, J07	J12	J10(RS2)	D17(RS3), D08, J11, D12	D13(RS2).	D15		J09	J09(RS2), D09(RS2)			

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Cerumen (wax)—management.	Malignant otitis externa.	Otomycosis (organisms causing/ management).	Otitis externa.	Hematoma auris (management).	Traumatic perforation of the ear (tympanic membrane)—treatment.	Keratosis obturans.	Foreign body in external auditory canal—types, causes and management.	Aural syringing—indications, contraindication, procedure and complications.	clinical features and management).	Malignant otitis externa (etiology,	Othis externa.	hematoma (cauliflower ear), dritis of the pinna.	Essays
56	55	55	54	52	59	58	57	56		55 S	5, 5, 5	ឌ ន	DNGR
91	92	90	89	86	2	90	88	91	82	3 8	8 8 8	86	BNSL
J01, J03, D06	J10(RS2). J04, D08	D11(RS2), J17(RS3), J04, J06, J07, D10	D08(RS2), D12(RS3), D13(RS2), J16(RS3), J13	J06, D06	J19(RS3), D03	J02, D05, D11, D12, J16, J17	D03, J10	J04, J08	D10(RS2), J17(RS3), D17(RS3), D18(RS3), J02, D06, J09, D11, D13, J14	J09(RS2), D19(RS3), D02, D07, J10, J12, D15	J19(RS3) D16	D11, J12	

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<ol> <li>Nonsuppurative otitis media— etiology, pathology, clinical features, investigations and management.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Enumerate the causes of conductive hearing loss with intact tympanic membrane. Describe the etiology, clinical features and management of serous otitis media (secretory otitis media/otitis media with effusion in a 4-year-old child).</li> </ol>	Acute suppurative otitis media— etiology, pathology, symptoms, signs, diagnosis and treatment.	CHAPTER 10 DISORDERS OF MIDDLE EAR Long Essays	<ol><li>Valsalva maneuver.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Eustachian tube.</li> </ol>	Short Answers	<ol><li>Eustachian tube patency tests.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Eustachian tube.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	CHAPTER 9 EUSTACHIAN TUBE AND ITS DISORDERS	<ol><li>Tympanosderosis.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Traumatic perforation of lympanic membrane.</li> </ol>		8. Keratosis obturans.	<ol><li>Foreign bodies in the ear.</li></ol>	<ol><li>Aural syringing—indications.</li></ol>	
71	32, 69	67		23	61		22	61			59	59		58	57	56	DNGR
105	52, 106	101		98	95		97	95			93	93		90	88	1	BNSL
J17	J06, J15	D12(RS3), J15(RS3), J16(RS3), J19(RS3), D07, D08		D05	D09(RS2)		J10(RS2)	D16			D05, D13	D09(RS2)	J13(RS3), D07, J15	J08(RS2),	J08(RS2)	J14	

Contd.

<ol> <li>Draw neat labeled diagrams showing 77 different types of perforations of the lympanic membrane.</li> </ol>	1. Cholesteatoma—etiopathogenesis 73 (theories of formation of cholesteatoma), management.	What is cholesteatoma? Describe the citology, pathology, clinical features and management of atticoantral type of chronic suppurative otitis media. Discuss briefly the complications of atticoantral disease.	2. Enumerate the common causes of conductive deafness. Discuss in detail the etiology, pathology, clinical features and management of tubotympanic type of chronic suppurative otitis media.	Define cholesteatoma. Describe     its classification, etiopathogenesis, clinical features and management of cholesteatoma.	1. Secretory otitis media/glue ear— 69 treatment.  CHAPTER 11  CHOLESTEATOMA AND CHRONIC SUPPURATIVE OTITIS MEDIA  Long Essays	Secretory otitis media/otitis media 69 with effusion/Glue ear—management.  Short Answer	Short Essays  1. Acute suppurative otitis media— treatment (surgical).
110	110	. 78. 110	75 114	110	105	105	DNGR BNSL
DO6	D07(RS2), D10(RS2), D14(RS3), J18(RS3), J11, D14	D13(RS2), D01, J05, D14	D11(RS2), J07	J13(RS3), J17(RS3), J10, D13	D17(RS3), J01, J04	D03 D13(RS2), D01, D02, J05, J10, D10, J10, J11	J18(RS3), D18(RS3)

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	A SCHOOL STANSSOLL STANSSOLUTION STANSSOLU	DNGR	BNSL	
Shor	Short Answers			
-	What is cholesteatoma? Mention in brief about theories of its formation.	73	110	D07, D16
2	Classify cholesteatoma.	74	111	D02, J04
ω	Perforation in pars tensa (types and clinical significance).	76	109	D01, D10, D15
CON	CHAPTER 12 COMPLICATIONS OF OTITIS MEDIA			
Long	Long Essays			
	Enumerate the complications of otitis media. Discuss the management of atticoantral type of chronic	83, 80	118, 113	D12
3	supportative onto media (CSCM).	2	110	
	CSOM and name the warning signs to detect such complications in a case of CSOM.			
μ	Enumerate extracranial complications of chronic suppurative otitis media.  Discuss any one in detail.	83	118	J09
4,	Classify and enumerate the complications of suppurative otitis media. Discuss the clinical features and management of lateral sinus thrombophlebitis.	83, 92	118, 126	J04, D06
, Su	Discuss the etiopathology, clinical features, complications and management of acute (coalescent) mastoiditis.	2	118	J11(RS2), D15(RS3), D16(RS3), J13, J14
Sho	Short Essays			
<del></del>	Extratemporal complications of chronic suppurative otitis media.	I	120	D08(RS2)
12	Complication of CSOM.	83	118	J18(RS3), J14
ω	Sequel of otitis media.	22	117	D19(RS3)
4.	Intratemporal complications of CSOM.	2	118	D09(RS2)
Ś	Acute coalescent mastoiditis (signs and symptoms).	2	118	D12(RS3). J03, D15. J16
	9			J16

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1. Enumerate the causes of conductive deafness in a 15-year-old girl. Describe the etiology, pathology, clinical features, investigations and management of otosclerosis.  Short Essays 1. Otosclerosis (otospongiosis)—define, investigations, management (surgical treatment).  2. Carhart's notch.	CHAPTER 13 OTOSCLEROSIS	Otitic hydrocephalus.	<ol> <li>Lateral sinus thrombosis.</li> </ol>			4. Furunculosis of ear.	<ol><li>Pathology of surgical mastoiditis.</li></ol>	<ol><li>List intracranial complications of CSOM.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Mention extracranial complications of CSOM.</li> </ol>	ĭ	10 Lateral sinus thrombosis.	<ol><li>g. Gradenigo's syndrome.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>pifferential diagnosis of post-aural, abscess.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Acute mastoid abscess.</li> </ol>	Outline differences of acute mastoiditis with furuncle of external auditory canal (EAC).
32, 95 96		93	2 8	æ	87	86	22	22	83	í	3	88	88	88	DNGR 86
55 82 52		127	126	121	121	120	119	118	118	021	3	121	121	120	BNSL 120
D10(RS2), J14(RS2), J18(RS3), D19(RS3), J01, D02, J12, J16, D16 D09(RS2), D14(RS3), D06	1000	D13	D07(RS2)	D09(RS2), D00, D04, J07	J12(RS2), J13(RS3)	D15	D03	J03	J01	J09(RS2)	J13(RS3)	J12(RS2)	J19(RS3) J08(RS2)	D10(RS2).	D08

	5. Crocodile tears	4. Schirmer's test.	<ol><li>Ramsay-Hunt syndrome (herpes zoster oticus).</li></ol>	<ol><li>Bell's palsy (etiology/management).</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Middle ear causes of facial nerve paralysis.</li> </ol>	Short Answers	<ol><li>Topodiagnostic tests for facial nerve palsy.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Herpes zoster oticus (Ramsay-Hunt syndrome).</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Bell's palsy (etiology and treatment).</li> </ol>	<ol><li>Otological causes for facial paralysis.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Intratemporal course of facial nerve.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	CHAPTER 14 FACIAL NERVE AND ITS DISORDERS		<ol><li>Management of otosclerosis.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Carhart's notch.</li> </ol>	<ol><li>3. Schwartz's sign.</li></ol>	<ol><li>Paracusis Willisii.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>What is otosclerosis? What are its signs and symptoms?</li> </ol>	Short Answers	Contd
0	108	107	105	103	103		107	105	103	103	99				97	96	96	96	95		DNGR
ζ	154	153	156	154	154		153	156	154	154	149				55	55	55	55	52		R BNSL
	J09	J17	D17(RS3), D19(RS3), J03	J14(RS2), D13	J05		D10(RS2)	J09(RS2), J15, J17	D12(RS3), J18(RS3), D18(RS3), J01, J11	D08(RS2), J11(RS2), D16(RS3)	D08(RS2)			1 TO 1 TO 1	J13	D11(RS2)	J11	D15(RS3)	D18(RS3)		

<ol> <li>Glomus tympanicum.</li> </ol>	features. Short Answer	1. Glomus tumor (hympopiaus) clinical	CHAPTER 17 TUMORS OF MIDDLE EAR AND MASTOID		<ol><li>Exostosis in external auditory canal.</li></ol>	Preauricular sinus.	Short Answers	<ol> <li>Preauricular sinus.</li> </ol>	Short Essay	CHAPTER 16 TUMORS OF EXTERNAL EAR		<ol><li>Treatment (acute attack) of Meniere's disease.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Lermoyez syndrome.</li> </ol>	Short Answers		<ol> <li>Meniere's disease (clinical features and management).</li> </ol>	Short Essay	management	<ol> <li>Meniere's disease—etiopathogenesis, symptoms, signs, investigations and</li> </ol>	Long Essay	MENIERE'S DISEASE	2
121		121			118	117		117			MENTILE.	114	114			<b>=</b>			11			DNGR
162	CA-S	162	Track ( town	_	160	1		86				140	139		<u> A</u> l	138			138		JONES .	
J08(RS2)	J15	D13(RS2),		Dio(Roo)	J11(RS2),	D18(RS3), D12, J15		D17(RS3)		CS		J03, J09	J15		J16(RS3), J16(RS3), D16(RS3), J05, D07, J13	J11(RS2),	D00, D05	J10(RS2),	D08(RS2)			

## Companion for 3rd MBBS

Long Essay  1. Acute earache—causes and management.	CHAPTER 21 OTALGIA (EARACHE)	3. Cochlear implant.	<ol><li>Bone anchored hearing aids.</li></ol>	1. Hearing aid.	<ol><li>Cochlear implants.</li><li>Short Answers</li></ol>	2. Hearing aids.	<ol> <li>Hearing rehabilitation of deaf child.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	CHAPTER 20 REHABILITATION OF THE HEARING IMPAIRED		Short Essay  1 Deaf child (causes investigations—	CHAPTER 19 THE DEAF CHILD	2. Hitselberger's sign.		Short Answers  1. Vestibular Schwanoma—clinical	<ol> <li>Clinical features of acoustic neuroma.</li> </ol>	Short Essay	CHAPTER 18 ACOUSTIC NEUROMA		Contd
143		138	136	135	138	135	135				129		22	à	125	125			DNGR	
32		81	79	76	81	76	74				69		G	2	166	166			BNSL	
D10		D08(RS2), J02	J15(RS3)	J09(RS2), D13(RS2), J04, J07	J12(RS2), J13(RS3)	D11(RS2), D14(RS3)	J11			J16(RS3), D01, J05, J06, J14	D08/RS2)		=	111	J09(RS2)	D11(RS2)				

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### Otorhinolaryngology

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	oxomedal complex.	Anatomy of middle meatus of nose.	Short Answers	<ol> <li>Arterial and nerve supply of lateral wall of nose.</li> </ol>	2. Osteomeatal complex.	<ol> <li>Anatomy of lateral wall of the nose (labeled diagram).</li> </ol>	Short Essays	CHAPTER 23 ANATOMY OF NOSE	Section II: Diseases of Nose and Paranasal Sinuses	1. Tinnitus.	Short Answer	causes.	rt Essay	CHAPTER 22 TINNITUS		<ol><li>Referred otalgia (three causes).</li></ol>	2. Causes of pain in the ear.	1. Acute otalgia.	Short Answers	Referred otalgia.	Short Essay
	Ş	150		197, 153	150	149			and Parar	145		145				143	143	143		143	DNGR
	5	173		174	173	171			nasal Sinu	35		35				జ	သ္	32		33	BNSL
Cont. I	J13(RS3), J18(RS3), D02, J03, J12, J17	J05		J16	D09(RS2), D11(RS2), D18(RS3)	D07(RS2), D14(RS3), D07, J09, J11			ses	D12(RS3)	DUA	J15(RS3), J02, J03,			D18(RS3), J16	D08(RS2)	מו	D.	D15(RS3), J16	J10(RS2)	

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Long Essay

 Alrophic rhinitis—etiology, pathology, clinical features, investigations and

172

214

D14(RS3). D19(RS3). J03, J09, D10, J13.

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management.

ACUTE AND CHRONIC RHINITIS

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CHAPTER 26 CHAPTER 26 CHAPTER 26	DNGR	BNSL	
Long Essay	1		
<ol> <li>Discuss etiology, types, clinical features and management of deviated nasal septum.</li> </ol>	165	230	J08, D12
Short Essays			
<ol> <li>Describe the anatomy of nasal septum, Discuss septal surgeries.</li> </ol>	165, 471	172,	J17(RS3)
<ol><li>Deviated nasal septum—types, causes and treatment.</li></ol>	165	230	J14(RS2).
<ol><li>Nasal septal hematoma.</li></ol>	168	231	J12
4. Septal abscess.	168	232	D15(RS3)
<ol><li>Septal perforation (clinical features and management).</li></ol>	169	232	J11(RS2),
short Answers			J07
Anatomy of the nasal septum (bones taking part in the formation/labeled)	165	172	D08, J15
diagram).		1 2 2	
2. Chevallet fracture.	165	230	D16
<ol><li>Jarjavay fracture.</li></ol>	165	229	J10(RS2)
4. Hematoma septum (management).	168	231	D17(RS3),
100 CV 100 CV 100 CV		5	D00, D01, D04, J05, D05, D14
<ol><li>Septal abscess (management).</li></ol>	168	232	D12(RS3),
		27.0	D13
<ol> <li>Nasal septal perforation (causes/ treatment).</li> </ol>	169	232	D07(RS2), D11(RS2),
110,aco			J06, D12
CHAPTER 27			

J17(RS3), J18(RS3), D03

D07(RS2), J16(RS3), J04, J08

Companie		Contd		
DNGR BNSL		2. Rhinoscleroma—pathology.	175	BNSL 216
1. Atrophic rhinitis (causes, clinical 172 214 D13(RS2), features and management/surgical D15(RS2)		3. Rhinosporidiosis—histopathology/	177	218
Dis(RS3), D00, J01, D02, D04,				
		CHAPTER 29 MISCELLANEOUS DISORDERS OF		
2. Rhinitis sicca. 1/4 210 511(RS2), D16(RS3)		Short Essays		
3. Rhinitis caseosa. 174 216 D12(RS3), J07, D14		eign body.	181	244
		<ol> <li>Rhinolith—etiology, clinical features and management.</li> </ol>	181	244
CHAPTER 28 GRANULOMATOUS DISEASES OF NOSE		<ol> <li>Nasal myiasis.</li> <li>Choanal atresia.</li> </ol>	181 183	245 233
Long Essay  1. What is rhinosporidiosis? Describe 177 218 D07 its pathology, clinical features and freetment		<ol> <li>Cerebrospinal fluid minormea (etiology, clinical features and management).</li> </ol>	183	242
Short Essays				
1. Rhinoscleroma (etiology, stages, 175 216 D13(RS2), clinical features, investigations and D19(RS3), management).  Jor, D07, L09, D10	S	Short Answers 1. Rhinolith.	181	244
D12				
<ol> <li>Fungal infections of nose and 177 218 J05 paranasal sinuses.</li> </ol>				
<ol> <li>Nasal rhinosporidiosis (etiology, 177 218 J10(RS2), D13(RS2), clinical features and management). D01, J02, D06, D11</li> </ol>		2. Nasal myiasis (management).	181	245
4. Mucormycosis of nose and paranasal 178 218 J09(RS2), sinuses		3. Choanal atresia.	183	233
Short Answers 1. Non healing midline granuloma. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		4. Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) rhinorrhea.	183	242

D13(RS2)

D13

J10(RS2), D12(RS3), D14(RS3), J18(RS3), D19(RS3), J03, J16

D08(RS2), J12(RS2), J13(RS3), J17(RS3), D18(RS3), D07, J09, J15

D07(RS2), J12(RS2), J14(RS2), J01, D07, J11

J08(RS2), D08(RS2), J12, D14

Contd... -

J01, D01, J12

Contd...

Short Answers

Control	DNGR	BNSL	The same of
CHAPTER 30 ALLERGIC RHINITIS	7		
Long Essay  1. Allergic rhinitis—etiology, clinical features, investigations and treatment.	187	222	J12
Short Essays	9	3	
<ol> <li>Pathophysiology of nasal allergy.</li> </ol>	187	777	D09(RS2)
<ol><li>Allergic rhinitis (clinical features, management).</li></ol>	187	222	J02, D05, J11, J16
Short Answers			
1. Allergic rhinitis.	187	222	D03
	188	224	D15, D16
	189	224	J18(RS3), D01
			-
CHAPTER 31 VASOMOTOR AND OTHER FORMS OF NONALLERGIC RHINITIS			
Short Essay			
<ol> <li>Describe vasomotor rhinitis (etiology, clinical features, management).</li> </ol>	191	226	J12(RS2), J13(RS3), J16(RS3), J19(RS3),
7.0			D00, D04
Short Answers			
<ol> <li>Vasomotor rhinitis.</li> </ol>	191	226	J09(RS2)
2. Rhinitis medicamentosa.	191	227	J09(RS2).
			J14(RS2),
			D11, J13,
CHAPTER 32 NASAL POLYP			
Long Essays			
<ol> <li>Describe the anatomy of the lateral wall of the nasal cavity with</li> </ol>	149, 196	171, 211	D13
management of nasai polyposis.			

- Contd...

 Describe the etiology, pathology, clinical features, investigations and management of epistaxis (in a 16-year-old boy/40-year-old man/60year-old man).

197

190

J09(RS2), D11(RS2), J12(RS2), J13(RS3), J14(RS2), J02, J04, J05, D11, J14

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2 Contra	Describe the etiology, clinical features and management of nasal polyposis	DNGR 193	BNSL 209	
مو	Enumerate the differential diagnosis of unliateral nasal mass. Discuss the etiopathology, clinical features, investigations and management of ethmoldal polyposis.	194	188, 209	J10(RS2), D12(RS2), D12(RS3), D17(RS3), J06, D06
Shor	Short Essays			D15
-	Sinonasal polyposis (etiology and management).	193	209	J15(RS3),
12	Antrochoanal polyp (Killian's polyp)— clinical features, treatment.	193	210	J17(RS3) D08, J10,
çu	Unitateral nasal obstruction—causes/	194	188	J06, D08,
4	Bilateral nasal obstruction—differential diagnosis.	94	188	D03
çn.	Differences between ethmoidal and antrochoanal polyp.	195	210	J16(RS3), D03, D07,
Shor	Short Answers			
-	Nasal polyp.	193	209	J16(RS3)
,2	Antrochoanal polyp.	193	210	J04
سو	Ethmoidal polyp.	193	209	D03
	Young's syndrome.	194	209	D11
Ç	Causes of nasal obstruction.	<b>1</b>	188	D15
gn	Causes of unilateral nasal obstruction (mention six).	194	188	D19(RS3), J17
.7	Differences between ethmoidal polypand antro choanal polyp.	195	210	D10(RS2)
EPS CHA	CHAPTER 33 EPISTAXIS			
. Long	Long Essay			

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management.  3. Tripod fracture. 4. Blowout fracture of orbit. 5. Le Fort fractures of maxilla.	Short Essays  1. Fractures of middle third of face.  2. Nasal hone fractures—types, causes,	CHAPTER 34 TRAUMA TO THE FACE	<ol> <li>Anterior nasal packing.</li> <li>Postnasal packing.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Management of acute epistaxis.</li> <li>First aid measures for epistaxis.</li> </ol>	<ol><li>Posterior epistaxis.</li></ol>		<ol> <li>Blood supply of nasal septum.</li> <li>Little's area (Kiesselbach's plexus).</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Discuss about the street importance diagram and its clinical importance.</li> <li>Epistaxis (investigations/management).</li> </ol> Short Answers	9 9
205 206 207	203		200	199	199		197	197	DNGR 197 197
239 239 240	237 237		192	192	191		174	190	BNSL 174 174
D17(RS3), J18(RS3), D03, D06, J17 J15 D07(RS2) D09(RS2), J11(RS2), D16(RS3), J10	D10(RS2)		J10(RS2), J08(RS2), D12	J06, D06	J08(RS2)	D19(RS3), J01, D05, J07, J08, D08, J11, D12, J13, D16	J11(RS2). J13(RS3), D13(RS2), D16(RS3),	D16	J15(RS3)
				1-68					
Long CHA	Shor	Shor	1.	AC CHA		Long 1.	PARA	2 -	6. 7.

(O)	Chronic frontal and maxillary  sinusitis—etionathology clinical	Long Essay	CHRONIC SINUSITIS	CHAPTER 37		<ol> <li>Treatment of acute frontal sinusitis.</li> </ol>	Short Answer	<ol> <li>Management of acute maxillary sinusitis.</li> </ol>	Short Essay		Long Essay	CHAPTER 36		1. Sphenoid sinus.	Short Answer	<ol> <li>Describe the anatomy and functions of paranasal sinuses.</li> </ol>	Long Essay	CHAPTER 35 ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY OF PARANASAL SINUSES		<ol><li>Causes of orantral fistula.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Fracture of nasal bone (nasal bone fractures).</li> </ol>	Short Answers	7. Oroantral fistula.	6. Le Fort II fracture.
	217			CHAPTY.		215		215			214			210		209		0.07		208	203		208	DNGR 207
	204	1		Treat.		203		203		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	201		2 10 3	178		176, 182	The state of			242	237	,	240	BNSL
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	DNIGR	<b>BNSI</b>	
Short Essays			
Eurgal sinustis.	8	213	009(RS2), 017(RS3), J15
2 Functional endescrote sinus surgery (FESS)—indicators and complications.	8	5	tisster Tasatar Tasaloo
			בוג
Short Answers  1. Radiological evaluation for chronic sinustis.	278	23	58
2 Surgical options for chronic maxillary sinustics.	219	206	06
3. FESS—basic principles Indicators.	8	\$	101, D03, 012
			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
COMPLICATIONS OF SINUSITIS			
Short Essay  1. Ochial complications of sinustifs.	24	207	D15(RS3)
Statikisies			
1. Complications of sinustics.	23	206	J13(RSZ)
2 Frantal muscale.	23	207	D11(RSZ)
<ol> <li>Enumerate the orbital complications of sinustics.</li> </ol>	24	207	13
4. Intracranial complications of sinusitis	13	209	D18(RS3)
5. Cavenous sinus fironitosis.	8	208	J03, J16
CHAPTER 39 NEOPLASMS OF NASAL CAVITY			
Short Essay  1. Inverted papilloma of nose—eficiogy, principal features and management	27	248	D19(RS3). J01, J17
Short Answers			
<ol> <li>Inverted papilloma.</li> </ol>		248	D08(RS2)
open.	238	248	J02
			Contd

Section II: Dispasses of Oral Cardy and Sec.	Short Answer  1. Enumerate BVT causes of unitateral propiosis.	CHAPTER 41 PROPTIOSIS	2 Cardnoma of the maxilla—clinical features and treatment.	Stort Esseys 1. Forous dysplasia.	1. Maxillary cardinoma—etiology, dinical 231 features, staging, investigations and restment.	CHAPTER 40 NEOPLASMS OF PARAMASAL SINUSES NEOPLASMS OF PARAMASAL SINUSES	CONTE
	237		B	শ্র		DNGR	
	æ		<b>3</b>	247	26	TSNS	
	D2			0450 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	TIPES)		

#### CHPIER 43 None CHAPTER 42 ANATOMY OF ORAL CAVITY Section III: Diseases of Oral Cavity and Salivary Glants

3. Tongue tie	<ol><li>Vincent's angina.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Differencial diagnosis of ulcer in mouth. 245</li> </ol>	Short Answers		<ol> <li>Oral submucous fibrosis.</li> </ol>	<ol><li>Vincent's angina.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Cysts of dental origin.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	CAVITY	COMMON DISORDERS OF ORAL
248	245	245			248	245	1			
270	8	1			K	83	1			*
D10	J19(KSJ)	28		200 mg	TORSE	TO .	710		19	The state of

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2 2 2 3 3 3		264 264 282 282 282	D19(RS3), D14 D12 J08 J11(RS2), D11(RS2), D16(RS3), J14 D07(RS2), J10	
<ul><li>3. Discuss etiology of oral malignancies.</li><li>Short Answers</li><li>1. Ranula.</li></ul>	252	282	J11(RS2), D11(RS2), D16(RS3), J14	
	253	264	D07(RS2), J10	
<ol><li>Leukoplakia (of oral cavity/tongue).</li></ol>	253	264	D17(RS3), D00, J02, D04, J07	
CHAPTER 45 NON-NEOPLASTIC DISORDERS OF SALIVARY GLANDS Short Essay				
<ol> <li>Sialolithiasis—management.</li> <li>Short Answers</li> </ol>	261	274	D05	
<ol> <li>Acute parotitis.</li> <li>Submandibular salivary calculus.</li> </ol>	259 260	272 274	J19(RS3) D01	
<ol> <li>Treatment of salivary calculi.</li> <li>CHAPTER 46</li> <li>NEOPLASMS OF SALIVARY GLANDS</li> </ol>	261	274	J17(RS3)	
Short Essay  1. Parotid neoplasms.	263	275	D14(RS3)	
Short Answer  1. Pleomorphic adenoma (clinical	263	275	D13(RS2).	
reatures).				

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Pyriform sinus (fossa).	Sinus of Morgagni.	Fossa of Rosenmuller.			Waldeyer's ring.	Killian's dehiscence.	Short Answers	Pyriform fossa.		Waldeyer's ring and its importance.	What is Killian's dehiscence? Discuss management of pharyngeal pouch.	Killian's dehiscence.	What are the differences between tonsils and adenoids?	pescribe in detail the surgical approaches to nasopharynx.	Short Essays	D PHY	Section IV: Diseases of Pharynx	
272	271	270		-	269	269		272		269	269, 311	269	1	1			of Phary	
294	290	290			289	289		294		289	289	289	291	1			BNSL	
J15(RS3), D15(RS3), D19(RS3)	D14	D14(RS3)	D13(RS2), D16(RS3), D08, J10	J11(RS2), D12(RS3),	D09(RS2).	D11(RS2)	(Tendone	J09/B53	D19(RS3),	J15(RS3)	J14(RS2)		JOS	J17(RSJ)				

CHAPTER 48
ADENOIDS AND OTHER
INFLAMMATIONS OF NASOPHARYNX

Short Essays

Adenoiditis—etiology, clinical features 275 and management.

Adenoid facies.

275

308

D11(RS2), D02

308

J16(RS3), J04

<ol><li>Keratosis pharyngis.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Hyperkeratosis of tonsil.</li> </ol>	Short Answers	<ol><li>Keratosis pharyngitis.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Tonsillar keratosis.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	CHAPTER 50 ACUTE AND CHRONIC PHARYNGITIS	<ol><li>Carcinoma nasopharynx— management.</li></ol>		<ol> <li>Juvenile nasopharyngeal angiofibroma (JNA)—clinical features, diagnosis, management.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	<ol> <li>Carcinoma nasopharynx— etiopathology, clinical features and management.</li> </ol>	management.	<ol> <li>Juvenile nasopharyngeal angiofibroma (JNA)—etiopathology, clinical features diagnosis and</li> </ol>	Long Essays	CHAPTER 49 TUMORS OF NASOPHARYNX		1. Adenoid facies.	Short Answer	Conld
289	289		289	289			283		279		283		279				275		DNGR
307	307		307	307			320		317		320		317				308		BNSL
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D15(RS3)	D10		J06	D00			J06, D06	J09, D12	D10(RS2), D12(RS3), J15(RS3),		J08(RS2)	J01, D01, D08, D14	D09(RS2), J11(RS2), D16(RS3)			J14(RS2), D10, J14, J17	J12(RS2), J13(RS3)		

7. Cardina	6. Types	5. Membr		4. Blood s	<ol> <li>Differer and lyn</li> </ol>	2. Lateral	1. Anaton	Short Answers	7. Chronii (cardin	6. Faucia	5. How w tonsilla		1277	4. Differe white p			2. Acute	Ĕ	z. clinico manag		Long Essays	CHAPTER ACUTE AN		Contd
Cardinal signs of chronic tonsillitis.	Types of chronic tonsillitis	Membranous conditions of		Blood supply of palatine tonsil.	Differences between pand lymph node.	Lateral relations of tonsils	Anatomy of palatine tonsil	ers	Chronic tonsillitis—clinical feature: (cardinal signs) and management.	Faucial diphtheria.	How would you diagnose and treat tonsillar diphtheria?			Differential diagnosis (causes) of a white patch (membrane) on the tor	Membranous tonsillitis		Acute tonsillitis—clinical fe	ys my of palating t	clinic colonics speed, clinicopathological features and management.	<u>≕</u>	ys	51 D CHRONIC		
nic tonsillitis.	litis.	ns of tonsil.		ne tonsil.	palatine tonsil	isils.	onsil.		clinical features di management.		ose and treat			Differential diagnosis (causes) of a white patch (membrane) on the tonsil.	, y	2	clinical features and		features and	ilons causing nd their		TONSILLITIS		
295	294	293		291	1	291	291		294	294	293			293	293	767	291		294	293		-	DNGR	8
308	١	305		293	- Algre	292	292		308	306	306			305	305	304	292		304	305		Texa		
J15(RS3), J16(RS3), D18(RS3), J19(RS3), D05	D19(RS3)	D07(RS2)	D17(KS2), D07, J12, D12	D09(RS2),	J06	D11 S ATORE	D06		D06, D13	D19(RS3)	D10	J07, J06,	J17(RS3),	D11(RS2),	J10(RS2)	D12	D15		J10	D02, D04				

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		features and management.	<ol><li>Peritonsillar abscess (quinsy)— define, etiopathogenesis, clinical</li></ol>		1. Ludwig's angina.	Short Essays	<ol> <li>Name the two types of retropharyngeal abscess. Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features and treatment of any one of them.</li> </ol>	etiopathogenesis, clinical features and management of (acute) retropharyngeal abscess.	<ol><li>Describe the anatomy of retro pharyngeal space. Discuss the</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Discuss the etiopathology, clinical features and management of deep neck space infections.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Enumerate the ENT conditions presenting with trismus. Discuss the etiopathology, clinical features and management of peritonsillar abscess (quinsy).</li> </ol>	Long Essays	CHAPTER 52 HEAD AND NECK SPACE INFECTIONS	10. Lingual tonsillitis.	9. Tonsillolith.	<ol> <li>Enumerate complications of chronic tonsillitis.</li> </ol>	Conta
			298		297		300		299	299	298	Ì		295	295	295	DNGR
			427	A STATE OF	429		428	dipart.	426, 428	428	427	20		307	307	308	BNSL
J01, D01, J02, J08, D08, D10, J12	D18(RS3),	D15(RS3),	J11(RS2), J14(RS2),	J01, J13	D11(RS2), D15(RS3),		D00		D14(RS3), J07	D09(RS2)	003, 317			D02, J05	D17(RS3), J13	D14	から学り

D14(RS3), J02, D11	329	308	<ol> <li>Elongated styloid process (Eagle's syndrome).</li> </ol>
			Short Answer
J10(RS2), D08	329	308	<ol> <li>Lagle's syndrome.</li> </ol>
J08(RS2)	325	1	
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			TUMORS OF OROPHARYNX
		DOWN TLD	
J10	428	301	6. Parapharyngeal abscess.
D12(RS3), J03	426	301	_
D16	428	300	
D01, J02, J05	426	299	
D07(RS2), J16, D16	427	298	
J17(RS3), D05, J09			
D10(RS2), J16(RS3),	429	13	
	3	207	1. Ludwig's angina.
D14, D15	428	301	<ol><li>8. Parapharyngeal space abscess.</li><li>Short Answers</li></ol>
J17(RS3).	426	1d 301	<ol> <li>Parapharyngeal space (anatomy and its surgical approaches).</li> </ol>
D02	415	ı	6. Tuberculous cervical lymphadenitis
J16(RS3),	429	301	<ol><li>Chronic retropharyngeal abscess.</li></ol>
D13(RS2), D08, D11,	428	300	<ol> <li>Acute retropharyngeal abscess— etiology, clinical features and management.</li> </ol>
J08(RS2), J14(RS2)	428	667	and management.
	R BNSL		3. Retropharyngeal abscess—etiology

<ol><li>Laryngeal ventricle.</li></ol>	<ol><li>Cricovocal membrane.</li></ol>	<ol><li>Thyroid cartilage.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Laryngeal cartilages (mention)— unpaired cartilages.</li> </ol>	Short Answers	<ol><li>Functions of larynx.</li></ol>	illidiri s idi yirk.	<ol> <li>Differences between adult and infant's larger</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Intrinsic muscles of larynx.</li> </ol>	1. Discuss the physiology of phonaudic.	Long Essay	CHAPTER 56 ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY OF LARYNX	Section V: Diseases of Larynx and Trachea	Short Answer  1. Sleep apnea		<ol> <li>Obstructive sleep apnea syndrome.</li> </ol>	Short Essay	CHAPTER 55 SNORING AND SLEEP APNEA	i. Fost-diwid many may.	~ ~	CHAPTER 54 TUMORS OF THE HYPOPHARYNX AND PHARYNGEAL POUCH	COHIU	
321	320	319	319		323		323	320	323	3		rynx and	313		313				309		DNGR	
348	347	346	346		352		1	349	302	3		Trachea	311		311				332		BNSL	
J02	D14	D01, J05	J09(RS2), D18(RS3), D11		D12(RS3)	D15	J09(RS2), D11(RS2),	J08(RS2)	900(1,04)	100(00)			D09(RS2), J13	D14(RS3), J17	J10(RS2), D10(RS2),				J08(RS2)			

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Long Essays

Define stridor. Enumerate the causes 333 of stridor. How do you manage a patient of stridor?

358

J16(RS3), J03, J11

- Contd.

CHAPTER 59 CONGENITAL LESIONS OF LARYNX AND STRIDOR	<ol> <li>Tuberculosis of larynx—clinical features.</li> </ol>	S. Tourise of Stelling.	Acule epiglottitis (management).  Reinke's edema	100	Short Answers	3 Tuberculosis of loons	UK-Green	ACUTE AND CHRONIC INFLAMMATIONS OF LARYNX Short Essays	Discuss the etiopathology, clinical features and management of laryngotracheal trauma.  CHAPTER 58	CHAPTER 57 LARYNGOTRACHEAL TRAUMA Long Essay	6. Functions of larynx.	<ol> <li>Differences between adult and infant larynx.</li> </ol>
× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	331	330	327	327	33	328	327		325		323	DNGR 323
	365	369	362	362	365	363	362		400		352	BNSL
6	D18(RS3), J09	J10(RS2), J11(RS2), D16(RS3), D19(RS3), D14	D14(RS3), J18(RS3)	D00, D04	J15	D14	J08(RS2), D17(RS3), D12		D15(RS3)		J10(RS2), D14	

nerve paralysis.			<ol><li>Nerve supply of larynx.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Difference between the right and left recurrent laryngeal nerve anatomy.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	CHAPTER 60 LARYNGEAL PARALYSIS	<ol> <li>Enumerate causes of congenital language stridor.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Stridor (etiology in children).</li> </ol>			<ol><li>Subalottic stenosis.</li></ol>	Short Answers  1. Laryngomalacia.			<ol><li>Subglottic stenosis.</li></ol>	Short Essays  1. Laryngomalacia (congenital laryngeal stridor).	and management of juvenile laryngeal papillomatosis.	<ol><li>Classify the causes of stridor in a child. Discuss the clinical features</li></ol>	Contd.
9	337	337	337	1			334	333		333	333	333		333	333	333		334. 345	DNGR
	375	375	350	350			358	358		397	397	396		358	397	396		358. 371	BNSL
	D06	J02, D04	D15(RS3)	J05			J10	J12(RS2), J13(RS3), D13(RS2), J15(RS3)	J16	J16(RS3), D02, J05,	J01	D15(RS3), J18(RS3), J07, J12	D19(RS3), D00, D04, J16	J14(RS2),	J17	D09(RS2), J14		D05	

<ol><li>Laryngeal papilloma.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Laryngocele.</li> </ol>		<ol><li>Vocal cord polyps.</li></ol>		<ol><li>Vocal nodule (Singer's nodule/ laryngeal nodules)—management</li></ol>	Premalignant lesions of larynx.	<ol><li>Multiple papillomas of larynx.</li></ol> Short Answers	<ol><li>Juvenile laryngeal papillomatosis.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Papillomas of larynx.</li> </ol>	3. Laryngocele.	<ol><li>Vocal polyp (etiopathology and management).</li></ol>	Singer's nodule (vocal nodule).	Long Essay  1. Juvenile laryngeal papilloma— etiopathology, clinical features, management and complications.	CHAPTER 61 BENIGN TUMORS OF LARYNX	<ol> <li>Causes of left vocal cord paralysis.</li> <li>Recurrent laryngeal nerve.</li> <li>Bilateral adductor paralysis.</li> </ol>	Short Answers
345	345		343		343	1	345	345	345	345	343	<b>3</b> 43	35		337 337 338	DNGR
371	371		369		368	370	371	371	371	371	369	35	371		375 350 376	BNSL
J15(RS3)	D17(RS3). J19(RS3)	J11(KS2), D12(RS3), D16(RS3), J10	D12, J13, D15, J17 J08(RS2),	D17(RS3), J01, D01, D03, J08,	J14(RS2), D14(RS3)	J14(RS2)	J08	D17(RS3).	J07, J12	D01, J05,	D03, D10, D13	J16(RS3).	J15(RS3)	ald(KSZ)	J17 D09(RS2)	

50-year-old female.	3	4. Rhinolalia.	<ol><li>Functional aphonia.</li></ol>	<ol><li>'Hoarse voice'—causes (in a 55 year-old-male).</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Discuss the management of an adult patient presenting with hoarseness of voice.</li> </ol>	CHAPTER 63 VOICE AND SPEECH DISORDERS Short Essays	3. Esophageal voice.	2. T1 glottic malignancy.	1. TNM classification of carcinoma larynx.	Short Answers	<ol><li>Speech rehabilitation following laryngectomy.</li></ol>	<ol><li>How do you manage a stage III carcinoma larynx?</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Investigations and treatment of glottic cancer.</li> </ol>	<ol><li>TNM classification of carcinoma of glottis.</li></ol>	<ol><li>Glottic cancers have high cure rate. Give reasons.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Pharyngo-cutaneous fistula.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	<ol> <li>Carcinoma larynx—etiology, symptoms, signs, investigations and treatment.</li> </ol>	Long Essay	CHAPTER 62 CANCER LARYNX	Contd
Ö	377	357	356	355	_ 1		352	348	348		352	351	350	348	[	1		347			DNGR
	357	380	379	357	_ 1		388	385	385		387	384	383	385	-1	I	A FILE	382			BNSL
The Donate of the Control of the Con	110	J10	D05, D11	D07(RS2), D13	J17(RS3)		D00, D02, D04, J05	D03	D07		D05	D07(RS2)	J04	J15	D00, J03, D04	J08(RS2)	5	D10(RS2)			

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<ol><li>Complications of tracheostomy.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Causes of decannulation problem.</li> </ol>	<ol><li>Decannulation of tracheostomy.</li></ol>	<ol><li>Nonobstructive indication for tracheostomy.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Indications for tracheostomy.</li> </ol>	Short Answers	<ol> <li>What is emergency tracheostomy?</li> <li>Name the indications for it.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Postoperative care/management after tracheostomy.</li> </ol>			<ol><li>Tracheostomy—types, indications (nonobstructive), procedure and complications.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Advantages of tracheostomy over endotracheal intubation.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	<ol> <li>What is stridor? Describe briefly the indications, procedure and complications of tracheostomy.</li> </ol>	Long Essay	CHAPTER 64 TRACHEOSTOMY AND OTHER PROCEDURES FOR AIRWAY MANAGEMENT	<ul><li>3. Rhinolalia aperta (causes).</li><li>5. Rhinolalia clausa.</li></ul>	2. Puberphonia.
362	361	361	360	360		363	361	706X 0	T W M	359	15		333, 360			357 357 357	DNGR 356
393	393	393	390	390		391	393	SHARIS	1000	390	<b>I</b> =		358 390			380 380	380 380
D05, J08, J16	D03	D1	D15 _	D10(RS2), J12		D02	J18(RS3)	J17(RS3), J04, D04, J08, J10, D14, J17	D12(RS3), J15(RS3), D16(RS3)	D07(RS2), D08(RS2), J11(RS2),	D06		J19(RS3)			D08(RS2) D01, J02 J03, J16	D09(RS2),

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# CHAPTER 65 FOREIGN BODIES IN AIR PASSAGE

Short Answer  1. Heimlich's maneuver.	Short Essay  1. Foreign body in bronchus.
367	365
399	398
J15	J11(RS2), D16(RS3), J13, D16

# Section VI: Thyroid Gland and its Disorders

# CHAPTER 66 THYROID GLAND AND ITS DISORDERS

	_	S	_	St	1
2. Hashimoto's disease.	. Lingual thyroid.	Short Answers	1. Lingual thyroid.	Short Essay	
374	373		3/3	}	
1	406	-	400		
J08	J13(RS3)		200(102)	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	

# Section VII: Diseases of Esophagus

# CHAPTER 67 ANATOMY AND PHYSI ESOPHAGUS

7	•	Lon
O.	Discuss the physiological basis and	g Essay
	385	
	295	
J14	D08(R	

## Short Answer Constrictions of e

## CHAPTER 68 DISORDERS OF Esop

CHAPTER 70
FOREIGN BODIES IN FOOD PASSAGE

Short Essay

Clinical features and management of foreign bodies in esophagus.

395

338

90

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Kelly) syndrome.	Plummer-Vinson (Paterson-Brown-	Esophageal strictures.	hort Essays
	388	388	
	341	340	
D13	D14(RS3).	D01	

SIOLOGY OF			
siological basis and ases) of deglutition.	385	295	D08(RS2), J14
esophagus.	385	294	D15(RS3)
phagus			
ctures.	388	340	D01 D14(RS3),
			D05, J07,

2	-	Sho	5	, <b>-</b>		CHA CHA	4	ယ	Short.	6	φ 4 rq
Dysphagia Iusoria.	Dysphagia—causes/management.	Short Essays	How will you manage a case of a 50-years-old woman presenting with dysphagia.	Discuss how to investigate and manage an adult patient with difficulty swallowing.	Long Essays	CHAPTER 69	Diffuse esophageal spasm.	Globus pharyngesus (Globus hystericus).	<ol> <li>Short Answers</li> <li>Esophageal perforations.</li> <li>Plummer-Vinson (Patterson-Kelly) syndrome.</li> </ol>	Investigations in a case of carcinoma esophagus.	Globus hystericus. Achalasia cardia. Gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD).
393	393		393	393			389	389	387	390	DNGR 389 389 389
301 D11	300 D10(RS2), D17(RS3), J02, J15		301 D15	301 J18(RS3)	The said the said	Garage A.	J19(RS3), J11	J19(RS3), J08 J12(RS2), J13(RS3),	336 D07(RS2) 341 J15(RS3).	345 J05	BNSL 344 D06 342 J07 339 D16
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Short Essay  1. Manifestation of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) in ENT.	CHAPTER 75 HIV INFECTIONS/AIDS AND ENT MANIFESTATIONS	Short Answers 1. Chemotherapy. 2. Palliative treatment.	CHAPTER 74 CHEMOTHERAPY IN HEAD AND NECK CANCER	<ul><li>Short Answer</li><li>1. Enumerate complications of radiotherapy.</li></ul>	CHAPTER 73 RADIOTHERAPY IN HEAD AND NECK CANCER	Short Essay  1. Cryosurgery in otorhinolaryngology.	CHAPTER 72	Short Answer  1. Laser—define, types, applications in ENT.	CHAPTER 71  LASER SURGERY, RADIOFREQUENCY SURGERY, HYPERBARIC OXYGEN THERAPY AND COBLATION	Section VIII: Recent Advances	<ol> <li>Foreign body esophiagos.</li> <li>Management of ingested foreign body.</li> </ol>	Foreign body in cricopharynx.	Short Answers	Contd
422		419 419		418		409		401		Advance	396	395 395		DNGR
500		488 490		487		496		492		S	338	337		BNSL
D07(RS2), D13		D08(RS2) D08(RS2)		J09		J12		D10(RS2), J14(RS2), D18(RS3), J09			J06	D01		

Short Essays

Thyroglossal cyst.

445

414

J12(RS2),

J13(RS3), D18(RS3), J19(RS3), D01, D02, D13 2. Differential diagnosis of a midline

445

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D12(RS3), D13(RS2), D14(RS3) 1

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**308** 

neck swelling.

 Give differential diagnosis of lymph node in neck.

Section IX: Clinical Methods in ENT and Neck Masses	<ol> <li>ENT manifestations in acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.</li> </ol>	Short Answer
n ENT and	422	DNGR
Neck Ma	500	BNSL
Isses	D10(RS2)	

#### NECK MASSES CHAPTER 76 CLINICAL METHODS IN ENT Short Essay Short Answers 4. Enumerate causes of trismus. Indirect laryngoscopy (diagrammatic 437 Laryngeal crepitus. 3. Posterior rhinoscopy (diagram of Anterior rhinoscopy. 1. Uses of Siegle's pneumatic aural 1. Enumerate cause of trismus. Discuss view of structures seen). management of one common cause. structures seen). speculum. 435 435 430 432 431 437 430 355 430 186 186 464 D15(RS3), D08 D15(RS3), D00, D02, D04, D13, J08 J18(RS3), D19(RS3), J14, D15 D07 J10(RS2) 800

CHAPTER 79  EAR SURGERY AND APPROACHES  Short Answer  1. Describe the types of mastoidectomies.  CHAPTER 80  CORTICAL MASTOIDECTOMY  Short Essay  1. Define coalescent mastoiditis.  Describe cortical mastoidectomy.	CHAPTER 78 MYRINGOTOMY  Short Essay  1. Myringotomy—indications, procedure 453 432 JC and complications.  Short Answers  1. Indications for gromet insertion in ear. 453 432 JC DC DC Answers  2. Myringotomy (indications and sites). 453 432 DC DC DC Answers	ntial diagr gs. ial cyst. ers of midling lossal cyst al cyst.
455	e 453 432 II. 453 432 453 432	446 446 445 445 445 446
455 433 J03 4455 119, J12(RS 434 J13(RS	432	R BNSL - 414 414 414 414 282
ST STATEMON	)5 07(RS2 18(RS3	J11(RS2), D16(RS3), D18(RS3), J13 D19(RS3), D15(RS3), J09 J11(RS2), D16(RS3) D16(RS3)

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CHAPTER 85 INTRANASAL INFERIOR MEATAL ANTROSTOMY None	Short Answer  1. Antral puncture (indications and complications).	Short Essay  1. Antral lavage/Antral wash.	Short Answers  1. Myringoplasty  1. Myringoplasty  2. Graft materials for Myringoplasty  CHAPTER 84	MASTOIDECTO	short Answers  1. Simple mastoidectomy.  2. Complications of mastoidectomy.  CHAPTER 81  RADICAL MASTOIDECTOMY  None
the suppose of the procession of the second	J12, D15 465 444 D07	tehodecing now encuted bits in the party of	16 (1463) roll 439, and D10 total and isolation in the second of the sec	TOMY AW TO WOLF CARE IN THE PLANE OF THE PLA	DNGR BNSL 457 434 D15 1V. 458 436 J09(RS2), J13

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Short Answer  1. Diagnostic nasal endoscopy (technique).	Short Answer  1. Septoplasty.  CHAPTER 89  DIAGNOSTIC NASAL ENDOSCOPY	CHAPTER 88 SEPTOPLASTY	Short Answer  1. Submucous resection of nasal septum (indications/complications).	<ol> <li>Discuss complications and their management of nasal septal surgery. Describe septal abscess.</li> </ol>	<ol><li>Submucous resection (SMR) of nasal septum—indications and complications.</li></ol>	Short Essays  1. Discuss the difference between septoplasty and submucous resection of nasal septum (SMR) operation.	CHAPTER 87 SUBMUCOUS RESECTION OF NASAL SEPTUM (SMR OPERATION)	Short Answer  1. Caldwell-Luc operation—indications.	Short Essay  1. Caldwell-Luc's operation—indications, procedure (steps) and complications.	CHAPTER 86	Contd
475	473		471	471, 473, 168	471	HE!		469	469	DNGR	
441	447		447	449, 232	447	447		445	445	BNSL	
J09(RS2). D10(RS2), J14	D16		J08(RS2), J10	D10	D03, J08, J16	J10(RS2), J19(RS3), D00, J01, D04, D05, J13, D14		J17(RS3), D08, D13	J19(RS3), J03, J08		

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	<ol> <li>Tonsillectomy—indications and complications.</li> </ol>	Short Essays	CHAPTER 94 TONSILLECTOMY	<ol> <li>Esophagoscopy (complications).</li> </ol>	Short Answer		<ol> <li>(Rigid) esophagoscopy (Indications, contraindications and complications).</li> </ol>	Short Essay	CHAPTER 93 ESOPHAGOSCOPY		<ol> <li>(Rigid) bronchoscopy (indications, contraindications and complications).</li> </ol>	Short Essay	CHAPTER 92 BRONCHOSCOPY	i. indicated an an extra laryngoscopy.	~	<ol> <li>Rigid (direct) laryngoscopy_ indications and contraindications.</li> </ol>	Short Essay	DIRECT LARYNGOSCOPY	CUAPTER 91	<ol> <li>Endoscopic sinus surgery.</li> </ol>	Short Essay	CHAPTER 90 ENDOSCOPIC SINUS SURGERY
	487			485			485				483			481		481			4//	Ì		DNGR
	450		į	459			459				458			456		456			42			BNSL
J07, J13, J14, D15	D10(RS2), D13(RS2),		600, 611	106 111	J15, D16	D13(RS2), J04, J11,	J12(RS2), J13(RS3)			D03, D12	D11(RS2).			J05	J01, J03				J16(RS3)			

Contd	d	DNGR 487	BNSL 452	J06
ω.	dissection method of tonsillectomy.  Secondary hemorrhage.	490	454	J15(RS3)
Sho	Short Answers			
<b>,-</b>	Absolute contraindications for tonsillectomy.	487	451	J18(RS3)
2	Enumerate the complications of tonstillitis.	489	454	J14
Ç.	Immediate complications of tonsillectomy.	489	454	J17
4	Reactionary hemorrhage after tonsillectomy.	489	454	D00, J01,
Ç,	Management of reactionary hemorrhage following tonsillectomy.	489	454	J14(RS2)
9	Secondary hemorrhage following tonsillectomy—causes and treatment.	490	454	D07
ADE	CHAPTER 95 ADENOIDECTOMY Short Essay			
<b>,-</b>	Adenoidectomy (indications and complications).	491	451	D14(RS3), J09
Short	Short Answers  1. Complications of adenoidectomy	491	454	D06
	30	491	454	J02
CHAP	CHAPTER 96 RADIOLOGY IN ENT			
Short.	Short Answer  1. X-ray PNS.	493	476	J18(RS3)
MISCE	MISCELLANEOUS			
Short	Short Essays			
1 7	Tracheostomy tubes.	524	472	J16(RS3), D01, J05, J13
2. 15. D	Describe features of ideal tracheostomy tube.	1	472	D07

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Prevention of latrogenic laryngotracheal stenosis.	Six causes of reddish mass in right nasal cavity.	Symptoms of laryngeal diseases.	Symptoms of nasal disease.	Tracheostomy tubes—types, its advantages and disadvantages.	Sluder's neuralgia.	Thornwaldt's cyst.	Battle's sign.	Short Answers	pangerous area of the face.			laryngology.	100	1979	Anaerobic infection in ENT	. Precancerous conditions in ENT.	). Bronchopulmonary segments.	<ol><li>TNM staging and its clinical application.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Indications and technique of microlaryngoscopy.</li> </ol>	<ol><li>Mention the branches of external carotid artery.</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Give the differential diagnosis of unilateral nasal mass.</li> </ol>	5. What are the causes of unilateral nasal discharge?	<ol> <li>Write a note on microlaryngeal surgery (MLS).</li> </ol>	3. Glandular fever.
١	I	١	1	524	510	510	507		1	1	I	1	I	1		1	I	7	ı	1	I	1	1	DNGR
1	188	355	185	472	221	291	1		1	I	I	1	I	1	I	1		Ī	378	ı	188	1	378	BNSL
906	D06	D16	D16	D11(RS2), D14(RS3), J18(RS3)	D11	J15	Di	J13(RS3)	J12(RS2),	J09(RS2)	D08(RS2)	D08(RS2)	90 .	J09(RS2)	J18(RS3). J11	J08(RS2)		J08(RS2)	J06	JOS .	J04 1	J02 101	J15(RS3)	

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9.	External	DNGR	BNSL	
Э.	External carotid artery branches.		1900	J09(RS2),
10.	Carcinoma in-situ.			D10
11.	Post-nasal drip.	_	_	D09(RS2)
12.		the restablished by the	Direction of	J10(RS2)
13.	Cardiospasm.	to electricity	_	D10(RS2)
14.	Compare indirect and direct	_	<del>-</del>	D10
	laryngoscopy.	14(15)27	-	D10
15.	Nasal decongestants.			
	Cold abscess of neck.		e un s	D11(RS2)
	Leukotriene inhibitors.		i <del>-</del> le i	D12(RS3)
	Leakotherie innibitors.		No pare	D12